

## Welcome

NICOLE GUSTIN

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NATIONAL CASA/GAL ASSOCIATION FOR CHILDREN





## Agenda

Welcome Nicole Gustin

Research Studies & Update (1 hour)

Brad Ray

- Volunteer Retention Study Results
- Judicial Perspectives Study Results
- 2019 Annual Survey Key Indicators

Leadership Council Recruitment (5 minutes)

Nicole Gustin

Questions & Wrap Up (10 minutes)

Nicole Gustin



## Helpful Tips

#### Reminder

This call is being recorded

#### **Q&A Box Use**

 If you have a question that a National CASA/GAL staff member can assist you with or you need program specific support

#### Chat Box Use

If you have a thought, an idea, a suggestion for the whole group

## Volunteer Retention Study Results

BRAD RAY
SENIOR PERFORMANCE, MEASUREMENT, RESEARCH
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#### The Research Team



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Senior Research Associate

Nelís Soto-Ramírez, PhD, MS, MPH

Senior Research Associate

Suzanne Sutphin, PhD

Research Assistant Professor

Cynthia Flynn, PhD

Interim Director

Amber Baughman, PhD, EdS

Research Associate



## Study Purpose

# Explore factors related to volunteer retention with special focus on:

- Volunteer Recruitment
- Training and Post-Training Support
- The Advocacy Experience
- Relationships with Stakeholders



## Sequential Explanatory Mixed-Methods Design

Quantitative Data Collection Quantitative Data Analysis Qualitative Data Collection

Qualitative Data Analysis

Interpretation



## Research Approach

#### **Collaboration**

Involvement of National CASA/GAL in the study and instrument development

Involvement of local CASA/GAL programs in the pilot testing of materials

Mutual respect and trust

Clear roles and expectations for each party

#### **Communication**

Regular, timely communication between National CASA/GAL, local programs and USC







## Volunteer and Staff Surveys

#### Part I:

Volunteer and Staff
Surveys

(quantitative data)





## Volunteer & Staff Surveys

## 390 local CASA/GAL programs were contacted via e-mail in January 2019

Requesting the following information:

#### **Volunteers (Current/ Former):**

- Name
- E-mail address
- Number of cases
- Status

#### Staff:

- Name
- E-mail address of staff who recruit, train, and/or supervise



## Volunteer & Staff Surveys

- Survey invitations were sent to volunteers and staff members in January and February, 2019
- For programs and states that wanted anonymous links, a template letter with survey link was sent to our contact person
- Qualtrics online survey system was used to collect the survey data



## Volunteer & Staff Surveys

## 133 programs participated

Volunteer survey: 8,879 valid e-mail addresses

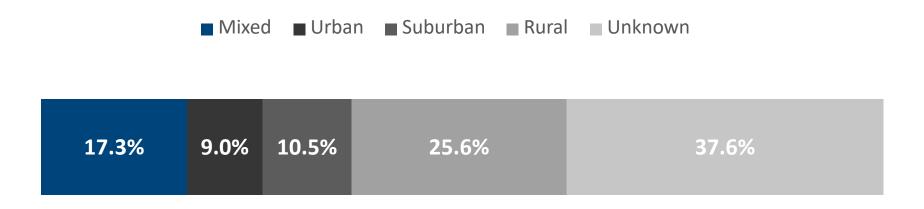
Staff survey: 394 valid e-mail addresses

Anonymous volunteer and staff surveys links were sent to

- Three states forwarded links to their programs in our sample
- 11 programs (three requested anonymous links for only the volunteer survey)



## Program Areas (n=133)



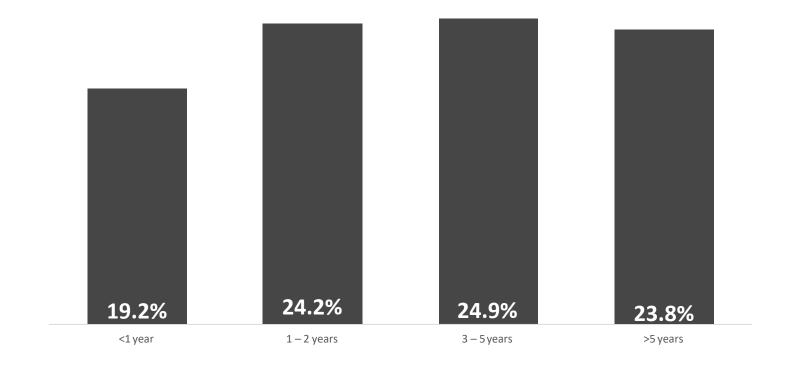


## Description of Volunteers (n=3,311)

- 80%+ White and Female
- 64% ≥55 y/o
- 43% Retired
- 82% Did not have previous child welfare experience
- 81% Have been a CASA/GAL for at least a year
- Most volunteers had one case at a time



## Staff Members' Tenure in Current Role (n=281)





#### Part II:

**Site Visits** 

(qualitative data)

## Local Program Site Visits





## Local Program Site Visits

#### 36 programs were invited to participate

Sites were chosen based on volunteer retention (high vs. low), program area (urban, rural, etc.) and region (Northeast, Midwest, etc.)

#### 10 programs participated



#### Site Visit Protocol

#### **Interviews** with at least one:

- Current volunteer
- Former volunteer
- Staff member
- Court personnel
- Child welfare agency personnel

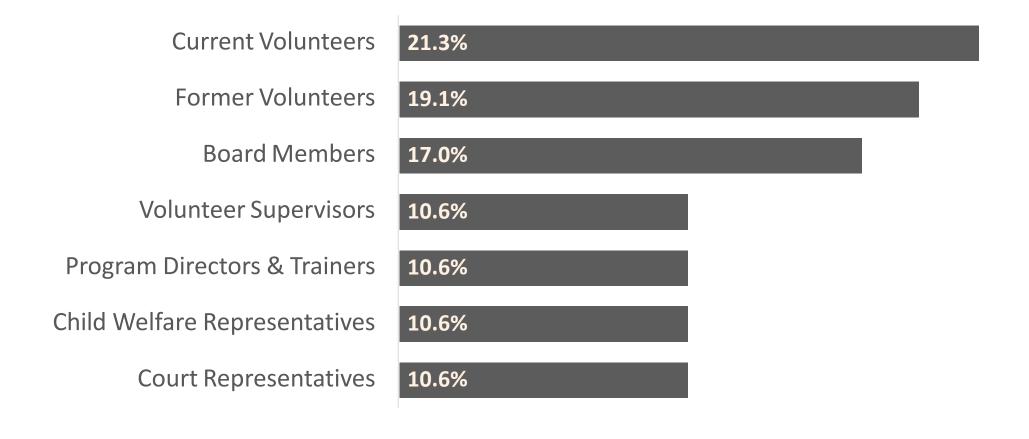
#### **Observations**

- Court hearing w/ a CASA/GAL volunteer present
- Initial training





## Site Visit Participants (n=47)



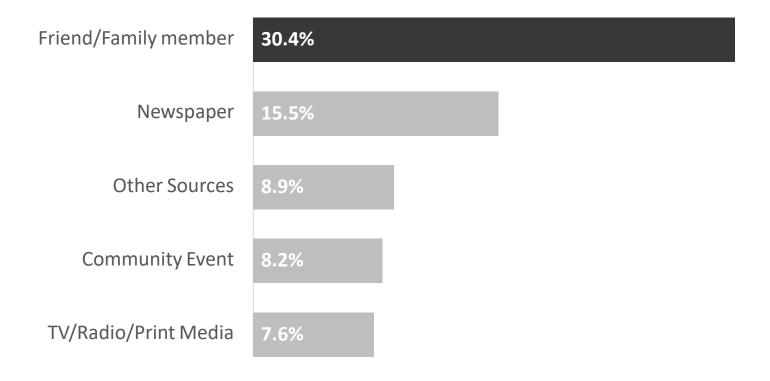


### **Study Results**

- Recruitment
- Training
- CASA/GAL Volunteer
   Experience
- Satisfaction



## How Volunteers Heard about CASA/GAL





## What Prompted Volunteers to Join?

- Tangible difference in the lives of children
- Previous experience and desire to work with children
- Existing interest in the legal/juvenile justice system
- Give back to their communities





## **Training**

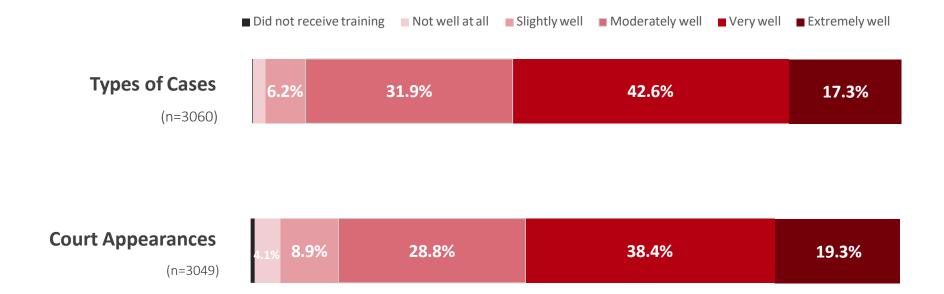
- Trained an average of 12
   volunteers per training session
  - Rural areas on average, train significantly less volunteers per session
- Frequency of trainings varied
- A majority received in-person training





## Training

# Most **volunteers** said the **initial training** well prepared them for the **type of cases** handled and the **court appearances**.



Most staff members were confident that the training was adequately preparing their volunteers



## Follow-Up Training



of volunteers have participated in a follow-up or refresher training

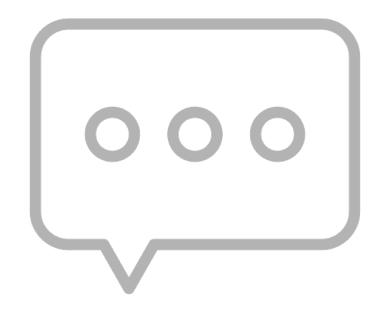


of staff members said refresher/follow-up training is required for volunteers



## Training Concerns – from Staff

- Amount of information
- Time commitment, particularly for non-retirees
- Technology challenges





## Volunteer Experience - Caseload Information

- Most volunteers had one case
- Required contact with cases varied, but generally was once a month
- Volunteers are expected to dedicate 5-10 hours a month for visits, court dates, and report writing
- Volunteers are responsible for all costs incurred
  - Some programs offer gift cards to offset travel costs





## Volunteer Experience - Assigning New Cases

Some programs were intentional in matching volunteers with cases

 Matching criteria included age of child(ren), number of children in a case, distance of placement, and personality of the volunteer

Supervisor support for new volunteers

- Attending initial meetings and help with the beginning of a case
- Some programs mandated this process, others made it available as an option

Tag team approach

 Experienced volunteer handles all intake/initial procedure then hands off case to the new volunteer



## Volunteer Experience - Organizational Support

CASA/GAL Supervisors
were the biggest
source of support for
volunteers

- Source of knowledge and even mediators at times
- Volunteers are able to express concerns with case and external partners
- In some programs, volunteer retention was directly related to supervisor retention

Communication and feedback (internally and externally) was often informal

- No formal communication channels to express grievances
- Few programs had policies to formally solicit feedback



## Volunteer Experience - Organizational Support

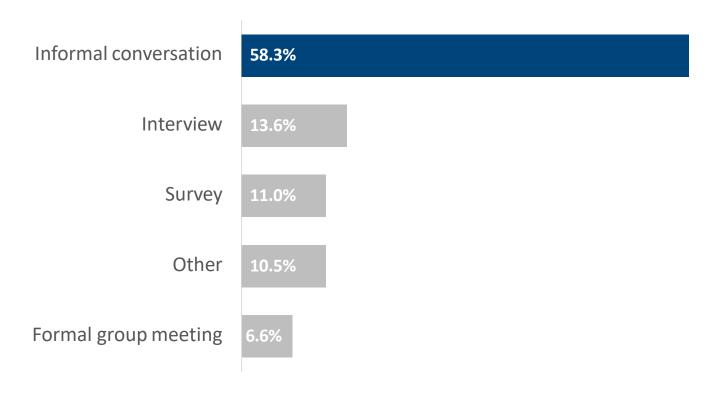
#### Changes in staff affected perceived support and satisfaction

"New office very lukewarm about my effort to volunteer. Even though I am an experienced CASA with a glowing recommendation from my previous office. Maybe I was being too sensitive... But they acted like they couldn't care less if I volunteered or not - almost like I was bugging them."

"Director changed at same time my case closed. The new director never reached out to me again."

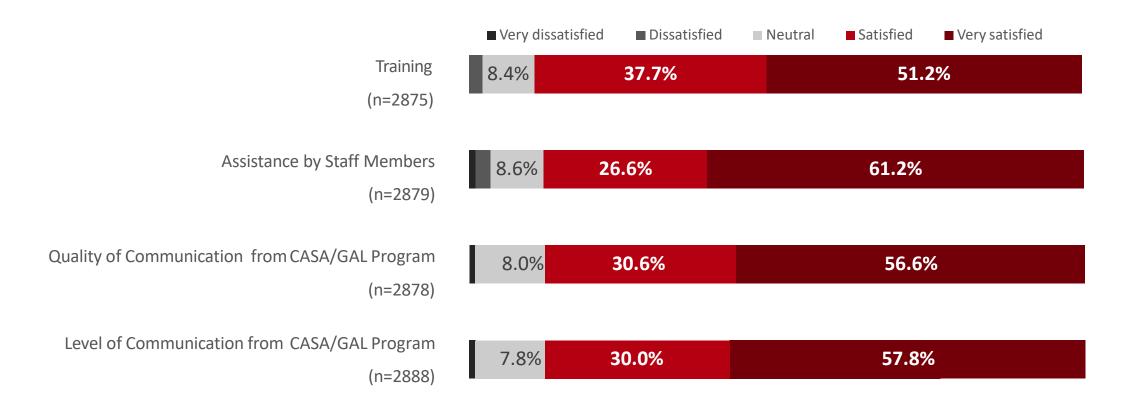


## Methods of Obtaining Volunteer Feedback





#### Volunteer Satisfaction





#### **Volunteer Satisfaction**

While there were some positive interactions with child welfare agencies (CWA), there were challenges such as:

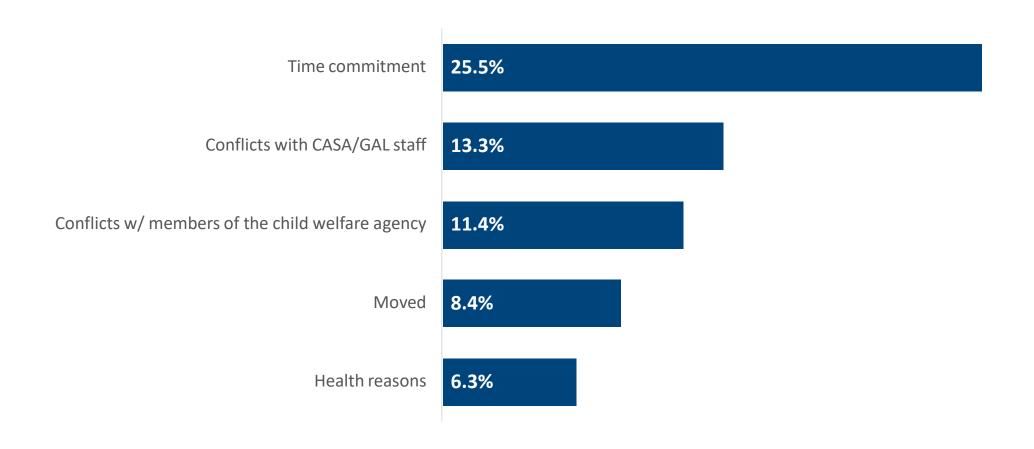
- Communication
- Role confusion
- Practicalities of the child welfare system

#### Other challenges mentioned:

- Placement changes which led to significant increases in travel time
- Complexity of paperwork (particularly court reports)
- Learning to use computers and required software
- Frustration regarding interactions with other stakeholders (particularly communication with child welfare personnel)



## Top Five Reasons for Leaving



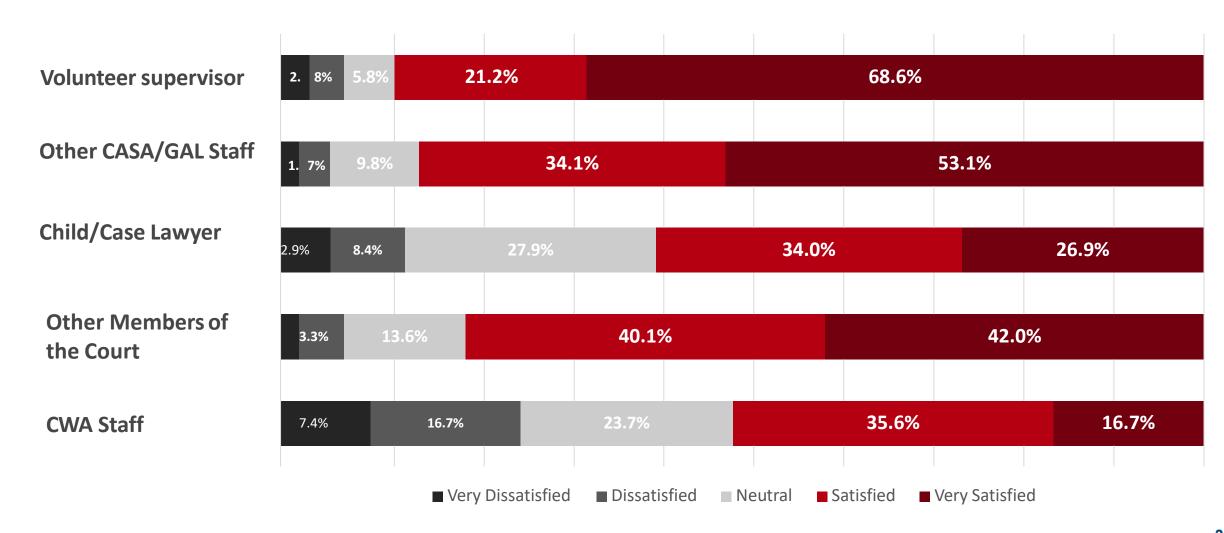


## Other Reasons for Leaving

- Volunteers feel redundant or unvalued in the child welfare system
- Conflicts or lack of connection with CASA/GAL staff
- Joined child welfare in another capacity (often as a foster parent)
- Case closed and did not have a desire to take on another



### Satisfaction w/ Staff & Stakeholder Relationships





### Relationships with External Stakeholders

# CASA/GAL volunteers were viewed positively and a valued resource by CWA and court representatives

 Volunteers are an important part of the process and contribute valuable information and insights.

# CWA representatives have had some challenges with CASA/GAL volunteers

- Would like improved communication
- More teamwork in developing recommendations

# Summary

- Volunteers leave CASA/GAL for a variety of reasons.
  - Time commitment and relationship with staff and CWA were the most cited reasons.
- Overall volunteer satisfaction is high, but there are some challenges.
  - Most reasons for leaving are personal or out of the control of local CASA/GAL staff
- CASA/GAL Supervisors play a tremendous role supporting and keeping volunteers satisfied.
- CASA/GAL Volunteers are valued by their external partners, but there are tensions and areas for improvement.



- Role Definition
- Relationship w/ Stakeholders
- Training
- Improving Feedback
- Staff Support



- ☐ Clearly define the roles & responsibility of a CASA/GAL
- **☐** Relationship with stakeholders
- Improve communication methods
- Develop formal grievance policies



### □ Training

- Increase understanding of the role of a CASA/GAL volunteer in the greater child welfare system
- Improve report writing skills
- Online delivery methods support
- Increased interactions with experienced volunteers
- More in-depth case studies
- Role playing activities



- ☐ Improved communication between CASA/GAL staff and volunteers
  - Develop formal mechanisms of soliciting feedback
  - Develop follow-up procedures for volunteers taking a break

☐ Increased training and support for volunteer supervisors, especially those with multiple roles

### Next Steps

- Volunteer Leadership Council
- Overarching volunteer retention strategy and plan
- Volunteer engagement and resources
- Development of a volunteer administration function
- Strategic volunteer retention planning tool and training and resources for staff
- Expanded national training and development calendar

# Judicial Perspectives Study Results

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#### The Research Team

### CASA Judicial Perspectives Study: Building Evidence for Best Interest Advocacy

- Dana Weiner, Ph.D.
- Robert Goerge, Ph.D.
- Larry Small, Psy.D.
- Kiljoong Kim, Ph.D.
- Elissa Gitlow, M.S.W.
- Clare Anderson, M.S.W.
- Amber Farrell, M.U.P.P.





#### Research Goals and Methods

#### Goals

- Capture and describe judicial perspectives
- Build evidence for best-interest advocacy

#### Methods

- Judicial interviews
- Focus groups
- Judicial survey
- Document review
- Text mining
- Policy analysis



### Study Questions and Methods

Question	Judicial Interviews	Focus Groups	Judicial Survey	Document Review	Text Mining	Policy Analysis
When do judges assign or not assign volunteers?	X		X		X	
In what competencies should volunteers be trained? Need more training?	X	X	Х	X		
Based on the best interest recommendations of the volunteers, what normal activities of growing up do Judges order? Why?	X				X	
In what ways do legal mandates, statutes, and local conditions present service barriers to effective practices?	X	X	X			X



### Policy Review – Legal Precedent

- Federal Policies (e.g. CAPTA, 1974 and VOCAA, 1990) that address child representation
  - Appointment of guardian ad litem (GAL) who may be an attorney or a court appointed special advocate
  - Requirements and guidelines for representation for child victims of abuse and neglect by investigating child circumstances and presenting a report to the court
  - Requirements for training for guardians ad litem and court appointed special advocates
- Federal Policies have also authorized funding for CASA/GAL best interest advocacy
  - Victims of Child Abuse Act (1990)
  - Court Improvement Project (1993)



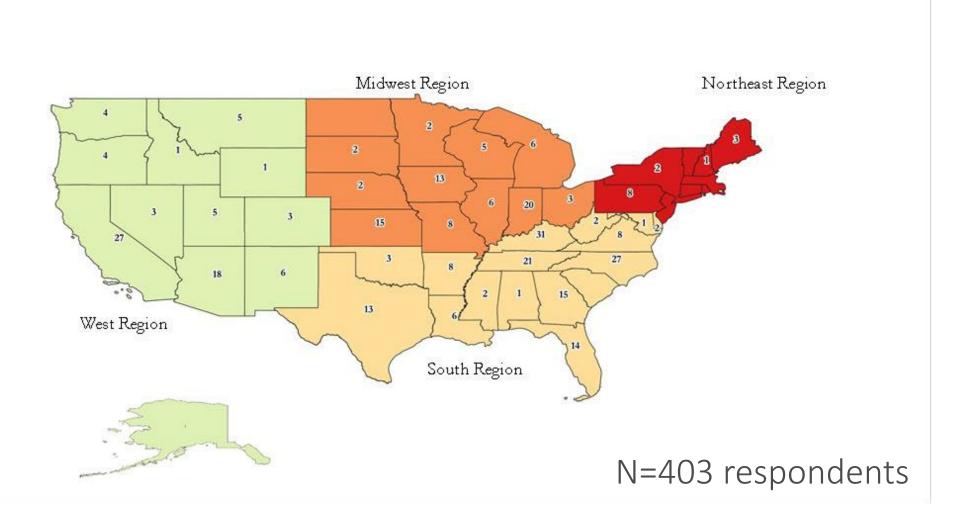
#### Literature Review

- N=15 studies (1990 − 2018) examining CASA/GAL effectiveness and impact on a range of outcomes:
  - Number of placements
  - Services received and information provided
  - Permanency: adoption & reunification
  - Child well-being
- Studies suggest CASA/GAL volunteers are assigned to the most complex cases
- Studies suggest volunteer advocates are associated with:
  - more information for the courts
  - more services for the child and family
  - greater likelihood of adoption (over other permanency outcomes)



### Judicial Perspectives' Survey

CASA Survey Responses by State





### Summary of Findings

- Judges highly value CASA/GAL volunteer support—survey results demonstrate that across the US, judges that use CASA/GAL volunteers tend to want one on every case.
- Over 93% of judges report a very positive (71.9%) or positive (21.4%) overall experience with the CASA/GAL program.
- Judges report the impact of CASA/GAL volunteers is most pronounced in "promoting long-term well-being "(92.2%), followed by "appropriate services to child and family" (83%) and "psychological well-being" (79.9%).

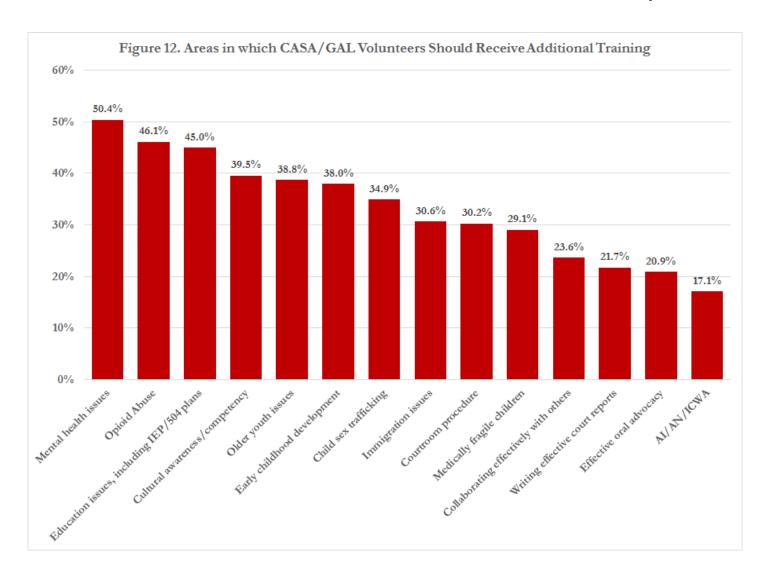


### Summary of Findings

- 78.7% of judges report lack of volunteer/program availability as the reason they don't appoint more CASA/GAL volunteers to cases.
- Regardless of region, judges report their reason for not appointing more volunteers to cases as the unavailability in jurisdictions or insufficient numbers of CASA/GAL volunteers.
- The CASA/GAL model of best interest advocacy varies regionally, and the availability of CASA/GAL volunteers varies from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.
- While there is a defined national Core Model; appointment, intended purpose, statutory authority, and court relationship are not uniform across local programs.



### Judicial Perspectives Survey





### Summary and Recommendations

#### National CASA/GAL can:

- Learn from successful programs by cataloguing practices that promote volunteer retention and quality and establishing local networks of providers to leverage existing capacity/expertise.
- Improve consistency across programs through refined training and use of fidelity model—which will also facilitate evaluation that can build evidence for the CASA/GAL practice.
- Build evidence by monitoring fidelity, engaging a team of evaluators, promoting evaluation partnerships with programs engaged in CQI, and leveraging the Optima case management tool to improve CQI capacity.
- Scale and grow the program by strengthening partnerships with NCJFCJ to engage judges/jurisdictions that don't currently actively partner with CASA/GAL programs and by continuing efforts to understanding local barriers to scaling and implementation.



### Summary and Recommendations (continued)

#### National CASA/GAL can:

- Develop an approach to monitoring fidelity to ensure consistency and for researchers to evaluate the effects of best-interest advocacy on child welfare outcomes of safety, permanency, and well-being.
- Consider increasing training in the priority areas (based on survey results) of Opioid Abuse, Cultural Awareness, and Older Youth Issues.

### **Next Steps**

- Communicating and disseminating research findings to strengthen relationships with courts
- Exploration of development of a fidelity model
- Addressing research limitations
- Conduct feasibility study of rigorous quasiexperimental research and/or utilizing existing evidence based practices
- Increased training for CASA/GAL volunteers

# 2019 Key Indicators

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### By the Numbers (2019)



**CASA/GAL Volunteers** 

96,929



**Children Served** 

276,809



State & Local Member Programs

948



**Volunteer Hours** 

5,384,665

### Questions

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## Leadership Council Recruitment

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### Leadership Council Recruitment

- Accepting Applications
- Urban, Suburban, Tribal and Rural
- Recruiting for 2021-2022 (2-year term)
- Deadline for applications: Oct. 30,
  2020
- Open to executive directors of local CASA/GAL programs or equivalent
- Application on Member Portal, https://member.nationalcasagal.org/ne twork-development/councilscommittees/

### Wrap Up

### Thank you for your leadership and service!

